2019-2020



IDYAWARTA



idyawarta.com

ecial Issue

N - 2319 9318

ll) Aug. 2019

itlanal Multilingual d Research Journal

ilable Online





An Inter-Disciplinary
NATIONAL CONFERENCE
On

Role Of Higher Education In Making India Superpower

21st August 2019

Organized By
Department of Physical Education
and I.Q.A.C.









V: 2319 9318 UGC Approved SZNo. 62759 Vidyawarta® Aug. 2019 Special Issue	013				
SHRIDHAR R. DHAKULKAR	159				
MPARATIVE STUDY OF LEVEL OF ADJUSTMENT OF PLAYERS AND					
SHRIKANT S. MAHULKAR					
ALTH AWARENESS IN SCHOOL PROGRAMME - A NECESSITY SUGANDH BAND					
LUENCE OF SPECIFIC TRAINING PROGRAMME ON PHYSIOLOGICAL R. UMESH VYAS	170				
GA AS A THERAPY SANJAY DESHMUKH	175				
ECT OF POWER YOGA PRACTICE ON BIO- CHEMICAL CHANGES IN CHANDRASHEKHAR B. KADU	178				
ELEVANCE OF NUTRITIONAL AWARENESS IN HIGHER EDUCATION R. CHHAYA S. GHADYALII					
R. P.V. PINGLE					
UPESH S. WANKHADE					
CILL YOUTH PLAY KEY ROLE IN MAKING INDIA A SUPERPOWER R. MAYAV MAWALE					
LEXIBILITY AS AN ASPECT OF PHYSICAL FITNESS DR. GAJANAN N. BADHE					
IUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT IN LIBRARY UJAY R. GAIKWAD	203				
OLE OF SOCIAL MEDIA IN HIGHER EDUCATION OF, SANTOSH C. GOHOKAR					
USING E- RESOURCES IN AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES DR. HARSHAL R. NIMBHORKAR					
MPACT OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION AND SPORTS IN PROMOTING SOCIAL LHAS V. BRAMHE	217				
1PORTANCE OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION IN ONE'S LIFE DR. SUNIL S. BHOTMANGE	220				
MPORTANCE OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION & SPORTS IN THE MODERN AGE YOUTH PROFF, PRADIP K. INGOLE	224				



NON-PLAYERS OF AMRAVATI

DR. SHRIKANT S. MAHULKAR

Director of Physical Education

Late Dattatraya Pusadkar Arts College, Nandgaon Peth, Amravati

Email:shrikantmahulkar@rediffmail.com

purpose of the study was to compare level of adjustment of players and non ie researcher has taken forty (40) subjects for the collection of data which include players of any game and twenty (20) non players from Amravati. The subjects d by using simple random sampling method. The age was ranged between 18 to he data was collected by standard questionnaire of constructed by Dr. D. N. and Govind Tiwari respectively. The standard questionnaire was distributed players and non players and the data were collected and analyzed. Statistical is done on the basis of 't' test to compare the adjustment level between players eyers and the significant level was kept at 0.05 level. Result shows that there is etween means of adjustment level between players and non players of is the mean of players is 48.4, greater than non players 41.8, and their mean 5 6.6. To check the difference is significant or not the 't' test was applied. After test it was found that there is significant difference in adjustment level between non players as the calculated 't' value 3.486 is greater than tabulated 't' value 15 level of significance, which indicates or shows that there is a significant adjustment level between players and non players of Amravati. Concluding we t the difference between the players and non players of Amravati in reference to level shows significant difference and players shows high level of adjustment as o non players it may attributed that players who practice regularly were always their work as compared to non players, players practice under the guidance of n how to behave with others, players develop many qualities under the his coaches and adjustment is one them which develop through sports as non players.

vel of Adjustment, Players, Non Players, etc.

ion

ysical and sports activities have been organized in such manner that every players portunity to develop their group cohesion, group consciousness and a sense of ess. No activity in physical education is done in isolation. Sport is a good source ial experience for the participants as well as the spectators. During practice and appetition, individuals belonging to various teams come into contact with each ey interact with each other. They learn and act in the same strain under the same In the process of "give" and "take", modification of behavior takes place ally. Play not only reflects the direction of personality development, but also it agent in bringing about social adjustment.

a adaptability to environmental hazards goes on increasing as we proceed on the ic scale from the lower extreme to the higher. If we examine the various activities hoto of the ividual life, we will find that most of them involve adjustment of the individual to tional, social and economical problems. The process of adjustment takes a place his vo light ! the birth of the child and continues till his death.

w a day the problem of adjustment has become so vital in our complex and ociety that psychologists have turned their deep interest in understanding it. Just ivili. uals may have different views on the nature of psychological adjustment, so also do ps chologists. So psychologists view adjustment as a process by which individuals are contirually growing and meeting life's challenges. Other psychologists stated adjustment as a fixe state or goal that involves certain desirable characteristics (such as satisfaction in lationship, in marriage, in a career, or goal achievement) that must be achieved.

As well adjusted athlete uses his skills and tactics to perform wisely on his envirement excessive timidity, aggressiveness or other faults of personality prevent him from making this contribution. Some psychologist reported that superior athletes showed higher level of personal and adjustments than that of less skilled athletes, therefore, adjustment is positively related with sports performance. Almost no study has reported a negal e correlation between adjustment and sports performance. Some stated that an athlet can adjust well for higher performance by certain objectives like security and confidence, improving one's own adjustments, maintain good physical health, do satisfying work, rest and recreation, participate in society, have a confidential relationship with another person, plan can do something about every problem, be objective, seek insight.

Adjustment is the parameter which is very useful for the sports activities. In high level ompetition it is very essential need of motivations, conflict and emotions which differ dividual to individual and causes adjust mental problems. Adjustment attempts to dividual need by overcoming both Inner as well as outer abstract and by adapting to cir anstances learning about Adjustment can be classified in two circumstances; internal

ke-up and internal personal or social behavior. Adjustment is dynamic process by which yers meet their needs in sports. Hence the researcher has taken the study of Adjustment players and Non Players of Amravati.

To ology

he researcher has taken forty (40) subjects for the collection of data which include 20) players of any game and twenty (20) non players from Amravati. The subjects ected by using simple random sampling method. The age was ranged between 18 to s. The data was collected by standard questionnaire of constructed by Dr. D. N. va and Govind Tiwari respectively. The standard questionnaire was distributed the players and non players and the data were collected and analyzed.

al Analysis

Statistical analysis was done on the basis of 't' test to compare the adjustment level in players and non players and the significant level was kept at 0.05 level.

Table
Adjustment level between players and non players

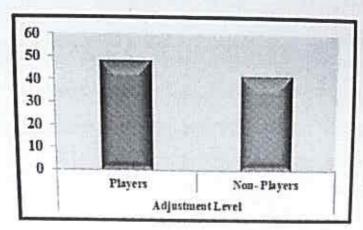
Group	Mean	S.D.	M.D.	D.F.	O.T.	T.T.
Players	48.4	6.35	6.6	6.6 38	3.486*	2.021
Non-Players	41.8	5.6				

^{*}Significant at 0.05 (38) tabulated 't' = 2.021

Above table reveals that there is difference between means of adjustment level on players and non players of Amravati, as the mean of players is 48.4, greater than ayers 41.8, and their mean difference is 6.6. To check the difference is significant or 't' test was applied. After applying 't' test it was found that there is significant ace in adjustment level between players and non players as the calculated 't' value segreater than tabulated 't' value 2.021 at 0.05 level of significance, which indicates or that there is a significant difference in adjustment level between players and non of Amravati.

Graph

rean comparison of adjustment level between players and non players



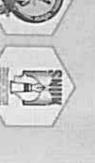
Co dusion

actuding we can say that the difference between the players and non players of avat in reference to adjustment level shows significant difference and players shows level of adjustment as compared to non players it may attributed that players who tice regularly were always punctual in their work as compared to non players, players tice under the guidance of coaches learn how to behave with others, players develop lities under the guidance of his coaches and adjustment is one them which brough sports as compared to non players.

ference

- tonally F. & Miscellany A., "A Psychology Research on Adjustment" Journal Int. ports Psychology, 1973.
- hullar I., "Personality and Adjustment of Sportsmen and Non-Sportsmen" nternational Journal of Sports Psychology, 1974.
- Srivastava D. N. & Tiwari Govind, "Manual, Adjustment Inventory, Agra Psychological Research Cell, Agra.
- W.H. Krall And Coilson, "Sixteen Personality Factor Profiles Of Collegiate Wresters", Research Quarterly, 1967.

Saraswati Kala Mahavidyalaya, Dahihanda, Tq. Dist. Akola Shri. Ganesh Kala Mahavidyalaya, Kumbhari, Akola S. N. Arts & U. K. Commerce College, Akola



Department of Physical Education & IQAC Collaboration With

Physical Education Foundation of India Organized







21" August 2019

Sr. No.

This is to certify that Dr. /Prof. Mr. Ms. Mr. DR. SHRIKANT S. MAHULKAR

published a paper Entitled COMPARATIVE STUDY OF LEVEL OF ADJUSTMENT OF PLAYERS participated as Resource Person / Chairperson / Co-Chairperson / Delegate / Research Scholar. He / She has presented the One Day Inter-Disciplinary National Conference On "Role of Higher Education In Making India Superpower". He / She has of LATE DATTATRAYA RUSADKAR ARTS COLLEGE, NANDGAON FORTH has participated in

中でいるこ Dr. Vitin W. Deulkar CONVENE

Dr. Sagar P. Narkhede Organizing Secretary

AND NON PLAYERS OF AMRAVATE Dr. Santosh P. Tayade Jour Secretary Some

or Javant P. Bob.